

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

1. Identification			
Product identifier	Temstock Panels		
Product list	Temstock B		
	Temstock S		
	Temstock W		
Other means of identification			
SDS number	GP-34A		
Recommended use	Building Materials - Decorative		
Recommended restrictions	None known.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information		
Company name	Georgia-Pacific Wood Products LLC		
Address	133 Peachtree Street, NE		
Telephone	Atlanta, GA 30303 Technical Information 80	0.284.5347	
relephone		04.652.5119	
E-mail	Not available.		
Emergency phone number	Chemtrec - Emergency 80	00.424.9300	
2. Hazard(s) identification			
Emergency overview		eam activities (e	nich it is shipped by the manufacturer but may e.g., grinding, sanding, cutting, pulverizing) that cribed below.
Physical hazards	Not classified.		
Health hazards	Skin irritation		Category 2
	Eye irritation		Category 2B
	Sensitization, respiratory		Category 1
	Sensitization, skin		Category 1A
	Germ cell mutagenicity		Category 2
	Carcinogenicity		Category 1A
	• •	nale exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	ilgio expectio	
OSHA defined hazards	Combustible dust		
Label elements			
Signal word	Danger		
Hazard statement	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. If small particles of wood dust are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.		
Precautionary statement			
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Prevent dust accumulation and airborne dispersion of dust to minimize flash fire and explosion hazard. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking		

No smoking.

Response	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	None.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Mixtures** 

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
WOOD/WOOD DUST		Not Assigned	80 - 100
POLYMERIC MDI (pMDI)**		9016-87-9	0 - < 1.0
FORMALDEHYDE		50-00-0	0 - < 0.1
METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI)**		101-68-8	0 - < 1.0
UREA, POYLMER WITH FORMALDEHYDE		9011-05-6	1 - 10
Other components below reportab	le levels		1 - 5

The specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

**Composition comments** Some lumber products may be sprayed with sap stain control coatings.

\*\*MDI / pMDI is cured in the final product; therefore, no free MDI, or only trace levels, is present.

4. First-aid measures	
Inhalation	Remove from area of exposure. If the affected person is not breathing, apply artificial respiration. If persistent irritation, severe coughing or breathing difficulty occurs, seek medical attention.
Skin contact	If irritation develops, wash with soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	If wood or wood dust is swallowed, get immediate medical attention or advice Do not induce vomiting.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. May cause respiratory irritation. Difficulty in breathing.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Apply extinguishing media carefully to avoid creating airborne dust. Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Heavy water (or jet) stream may cause dust to become airborne and create a flash fire hazard or an explosive atmosphere.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	To avoid dust clouds, responders should use the extinguisher from as far away as possible and apply the extinguishing agent as gently as possible. The main considerations with hose stream operation are to avoid creating combustible dust clouds or introducing more air. In particular, the use of solid streams and direct dust pile hits can disperse dust into the air creating a potential flash fire hazard. The best way to apply water is in a medium to wide-pattern, as gently as possible. Responders should use a low nozzle pressure and loft the stream onto the burning material from as far away as the stream will reach.
General fire hazards	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
6. Accidental release meas	sures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Use only non-sparking tools. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Vacuum dust with dust ignition proof vacuum or wet sweep small wood pieces and dust; place in appropriate container for disposal. Gather larger pieces by an appropriate method. Reduce airborne dust by use of wet methods (e.g. water mist) and prevent scattering by moistening with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Dust can form an explosive mixture in air. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery and at places where dust can be generated. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. If flash fire or explosion hazard is present, wear flame resistant clothing and face/head protection. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure dust collection systems used for conveying combustible wood dusts are protected with and equipped with fire and explosion prevention and protection equipment. See NFPA 664 and NFPA 69 for further requirements, information and guidance.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store flat, supported and protected from direct contact with the ground. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Store in a cool dry place.
8. Exposure controls/pers	onal protection

Components	Туре	Value	
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0)	STEL	2 ppm	
	TWA	0.75 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1	000)	
Components	Туре	Value	
METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI)** (CAS 101-68-8)	Ceiling	0.2 mg/m3	
		0.02 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910	.1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
WOOD/WOOD DUST	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.

ACGIH Components	Туре	Value	Form
WOOD/WOOD DUST	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit		T Hig/hio	
Components	Туре	Value	
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0)	STEL	0.3 ppm	
	TWA	0.1 ppm	
METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI)** (CAS 101-68-8)	TWA	0.005 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to	o Chemical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0)	Ceiling	0.1 ppm	
	TWA	0.016 ppm	
METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI)** (CAS 101-68-8)	Ceiling	0.2 mg/m3	
. ,		0.02 ppm	
	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
		0.005 ppm	
WOOD/WOOD DUST	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust.
iological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for	the ingredient(s).	
xposure guidelines	Georgia-Pacific Wood Products LLC v OSHA's 1989 Air Contaminants Stand present OSHA exposure limits governi (Respirable Fraction).	ard although certain limits we ng wood dust is 15 mg/m3 (T	re vacated in 1992. The otal Dust) and 5 mg/m3
ppropriate engineering ontrols	Due to the fire and explosive potential of dust when suspended in air, precautions should be taker when material is used in any operation which may generate dust. Local exhaust, general dilution ventilation in enclosed areas, and explosion proof equipment is recommended. Use wet methods if appropriate, to reduce airborne dust concentrations.		
ndividual protection measures	, such as personal protective equipme	nt	
Eye/face protection	Safety glasses or goggles are recommended when using this product. Ensure compliance with OSHA's PPE standard (29 CFR 1910.132 and .133) for eye and face protection.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant g supplier.	loves. Suitable gloves can be	recommended by the glove
Other	Impervious protective clothing and gloves recommended to prevent drying or irritation of skin. Ensure compliance with OSHA's PPE standards (29 CFR 1910.132 (general) and 138 (hand protection)). Safety shower/eye wash fountain is recommended in the workplace area (29 CFR 1910.151 (c)).		
Respiratory protection	A NIOSH approved dust mask or filter when permissible exposure limits may under the direction of a trained health OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1 (Z88.2).	be exceeded. Respirators sh and safety professional follow	nould be selected by and used ring requirements found in
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective cl	othing, when necessary.	
eneral hygiene onsiderations	When using, do not eat, drink or smok as washing after handling the material wash work clothing and protective equ clothing should not be allowed out of t	and before eating, drinking, a ipment to remove contaminar	and/or smoking. Routinely
. Physical and chemical	properties		
ppearance	Rigid boards or panels		

Appearance	Rigid boards or panels
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Solid wood
Color	Various
Odor	Not available.

Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	40 g/cm3 for wood dust (Note: The LEL is quivalent to the Minimum Explosive Concentration (MEC) for the combustible dust. The MEC will vary with particle size of the wood dust. Recommend MEC testing for specific wood dust particle sizes generated or handled.)
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not applicable
Vapor density	Not applicable
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	399.92 - 500 °F (204.4 - 260 °C) for wood
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Bulk density	Not applicable
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flash point class	Combustible
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Specific gravity	Variable
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Dust accumulation, dispersion of dust in air, high temperatures, open flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids, alkalies, oxidizing agents and drying oils.
Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition may emit irritating fumes or gases of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, aldehydes, or organic acids.
11. Toxicological informat	ion

### 11. Toxicological information Information on likely routes of exposure

information on likely rout	es of exposure
Inhalation	May cause irritation to the respiratory system. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes eye irritation.
Ingestion	Not applicable under normal conditions of use. May result in obstruction or temporary irritation of the digestive tract.

Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute	toxicity
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Components FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0) Acute Dermal LD50 Inhalation Gas LC50 Oral LD50	Species Rabbit Rat Rat	Test Results 270 mg/kg 480 ppm, 4 Hours
Acute Dermal LD50 Inhalation Gas LC50 Oral	Rat Rat	
Dermal LD50 Inhalation Gas LC50 Oral	Rat Rat	
LD50 Inhalation Gas LC50 Oral	Rat Rat	
Inhalation Gas LC50 Oral	Rat Rat	
Gas LC50 <b>Oral</b>	Rat	480 ppm, 4 Hours
LC50 Oral	Rat	480 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral	Rat	480 ppm, 4 Hours
LD50		
		640 - 800 mg/kg
METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCY	ANATE (MDI)** (CAS 101-68-8)	)
Acute		1
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg
Inhalation Vapor		
LC50		0.178 mg/l
		0.176 High
Oral	Det	> 10000 malka
LD50	Rat	> 10000 mg/kg
* Estimates for product may be	based on additional componen	nt data not shown
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye	Causes eye irritation.	
irritation	Causes eye initation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
ACGIH sensitization		
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 5	60-00-0)	Dermal sensitization Respiratory sensitization
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Suspected of causing genetic	defects.
Carcinogenicity	Wood dust generated from sawing, sanding or machining this product may cause nasal dryness, irritation, coughing and sinusitis. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), and National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies wood dust as a carcinogen. This classification is based on the increased occurrence of adenocarcinomas of the nasal cavities and paranasal sinuses associated with exposure to wood dust. The evaluation noted insufficient evidence to associate cancers of the oropharynx, hypopharynx, lung, lymphatic and hematopoietic systems, stomach, colon, or rectum with exposure to wood dust.	
	and cancer risk for both upper	dence surrounding the potential association between formaldehyde respiratory cancer as well as leukemia is conflicting even when osure to inhaled formaldehyde are involved.
		dehyde as a carcinogen due to cancers of the upper respiratory regulates formaldehyde as a potential carcinogen for exposures at
IARC Monographs. Overall Ev	valuation of Carcinogenicity	
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 5		1 Carcinogenic to humans.
	L ISOCYANATE (MDI)** (CAS	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
101-68-8) POLYMERIC MDI (pMDI)* WOOD/WOOD DUST (CA		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulate	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1	001-1052)
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0)		Cancer
US. National Toxicology Pro	gram (NTP) Report on Carcir	ogens
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0) WOOD/WOOD DUST (CAS Not Assigned)		Known To Be Human Carcinogen. Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation	n.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.	

#### 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Product		Species Test Results	
Temstock Panels			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	6444.4443 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
Components		Species Test Results	
FORMALDEHYDE (C	AS 50-00-0)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	5.8 mg/l, 48 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
i cisistence and degradability	The data is available of the degradability of the product.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow) FORMALDEHYDE 0.35		
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.	

#### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Empty packaging/container can be disposed in accordance with all applicable regulations.

#### 14. Transport information

### DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according toNot applicable.Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 andthe IBC Code

### 15. Regulatory information

S federal regulations	Hazard Communication Stand sawing, sanding or machining	considered manufactured articles and are exempt under OSHA's ard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Wood dust, a by-product generated from wood and wood products, is considered hazardous and is regulated tion Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.
TSCA Section 12(b) Expo	ort Notification (40 CFR 707, Subp	t. D)
Not regulated.		
TSCA Chemical Action P	lans, Chemicals of Concern	
METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI)** (CAS 101-68-8)		Methylene Diphenyl Diisocyanate (MDI) And Related Compounds Action Plan [RIN 2070-ZA15] Methylene Diphenyl Diisocyanate (MDI) And Related Compounds
POLYMERIC MDI (pMDI)** (CAS 9016-87-9)		Action Plan [RIN 2070-ZA15]
CERCLA Hazardous Sub	stance List (40 CFR 302.4)	
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0)		Listed.
METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI)** (CAS 101-68-8)		Listed.
SARA 304 Emergency re	lease notification	
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0)		100 LBS
OSHA Specifically Regul	ated Substances (29 CFR 1910.10	01-1052)
FORMALDEHYDE (C.	AS 50-00-0)	Cancer Skin sensitization Respiratory sensitization Eye irritation Skin irritation
		respiratory tract irritation Acute toxicity Flammability

	CAS number	Reportable quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, lower value (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, upper value (pounds)
FORMALDEHYDE	50-00-0	100	500		
SARA 311/312 Hazardou chemical	<b>s</b> Yes				
Classified hazard categories	Serious eye Respiratory Germ cell n Carcinogen	ion or irritation e damage or eye v or skin sensitiza nutagenicity iicity		xposure)	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting Not regulated.	)				
ner federal regulations					
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sect	tion 112 Hazard	ous Air Pollutai	nts (HAPs) List		
FORMALDEHYDE (C METHYLENE BISPHE Clean Air Act (CAA) Sect	ENOL ISOCYAN			8.130)	
FORMALDEHYDE (C	AS 50-00-0)				
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulat	ed.			
state regulations					
California Propositio	on 65				
WARNIN	known to th other safeg	e State of Califo	ornia to cause cancer. A nal protection. For more	Avoid inhaling wood dus	wood dust, a substance it, or use a dust mask or

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0) WOOD/WOOD DUST (CAS Not Assigned) Listed: January 1, 1988 Listed: December 18, 2009

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0) METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI)\*\* (CAS 101-68-8) POLYMERIC MDI (pMDI)\*\* (CAS 9016-87-9)

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	September-02-2015
Revision date	June-01-2018
Version #	04
Further information	Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2* Flammability: 1 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0
Disclaimer	This SDS is intended to quickly provide useful information to the user(s) of this material or product. It is not intended to serve as a comprehensive discussion of all possible risks or hazards, and it assumes a reasonable use of the product. The information contained in this SDS is believed to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this SDS and has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable. It is offered for your consideration, investigation and verification. The user or handler (or their employer) should consider the specific conditions in which this material will be used, handled, or stored and determine what specific safety or other precautions are required. Employers should ensure that their employees, agents, contractors, and customers who will use the product receive adequate warnings and safe handling procedures, including a current SDS. Product users or handlers (or their employer) who are unsure of what specific precautions are required should consult their employer, product supplier, or safety or health professionals before handling or working with this product. Please notify us immediately if you believe this SDS or other safety and health information about this product is inaccurate or incomplete.
Revision information	Regulatory information: California Proposition 65 Regulatory information: US federal regulations

# Hazard statement

Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. If small particles of wood dust are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

# **Precautionary statement**

## **Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Prevent dust accumulation and airborne dispersion of dust to minimize flash fire and explosion hazard. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

## Response

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

## Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.



Georgia-Pacific Wood Products LLC 133 Peachtree Street, NE Georgia-Pacific Atlanta, GA 30303 Chemtrec - Emergency : 800.424.9300

**Product list:** Temstock B Temstock S Temstock W



Wood and wood products are considered manufactured articles and are exempt under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Wood dust, a by-product generated from sawing, sanding or machining wood and wood products, is considered hazardous and is regulated under the Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## **California Proposition 65**



**WARNING:** Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products can expose you to wood dust, a substance known to the State of California to cause cancer. Avoid inhaling wood dust, or use a dust mask or other safeguards for personal protection. For more information go to: www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/wood